

The Kingston Daily Freeman.

VOL. XVIII.—NO. 42.

CITY OF KINGSTON (RONDOUT, P.O.) N. Y., THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 6, 1889.

WHOLE NO 5,241.

The Question Answered.

What shall I buy for Christmas Presents this year, is a question now puzzling the minds of many persons intent on choosing something to give to their friends. If you will call at Crosby & Ennists' No. 2 & 4 Union-avenue you may easily get out of the dilemma, for their counters, shelves and windows are laden with the most elegant assortment of Holiday Goods to be found in this City. Plush Goods in great variety and design, such as Dressing Cases, Toilet Boxes, Perfumery Sets, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Boxes, Albums, Manicure Sets, etc.* Gold and Silver handled Umbrellas, Clocks, Work Stands and Baskets, Colgate and Bradley's choicest Extract and Toilet Soaps, the finest made, Traveling Cases, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silk Handkerchiefs and Mufflers, Brass Ornaments in many styles, Roger Bros., Celebrated Silver Plated Table Furnishings warranted to give perfect satisfaction. We have a large collection of Novelties of almost any conceivable variety and style at very low prices.

The Sunshine Series of Books, 3 volumes, Sunshine for little children. The Easy Book. The Home Picture Book, comprising about 650 pages, magnificently illustrated, highly illuminated covers and crowded with charming pictures and excellent stories for the little folks, worth \$2.75. We sell the set for \$1.00. Also many other books and novelties very pleasing for the children. Every article sold at the lowest prices and satisfaction guaranteed at

CROSBY & ENNIST'S,

Nos. 2 & 4 Union-Ave., Rondout, N. Y.

"WE'VE GOT 'EM"

DIARIES

For 1889.

S. L. DRAKE'S,

29 Wall-Street 29

KINGSTON, N. Y.

Stebbins, Brodhead & Van Wagenen.

With an unusually large stock of

DRY GOODS

We are offering a few specialties.

A case of short lengths in extra grade of Bleached Muslins under value.

A lot of heavy Unbleached Cans below usual jobbing price.

A large lot of extra quality Cotton Batts under value.

A large line in Ladies' and Children's Cloaks.

Flannel Skirts and Skirtings in very large variety.

Stebbins, Brodhead & Van Wagenen,

168 Strand and 21 Ferry-St.

O. And O. TEA

The Choicest Tea Ever Offered.

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

A MOST DELICIOUS BEVERAGE. TRY IT.

You will never use any other. Quality never varies.

It is the HIGHEST GRADE LEAF, picked from the best plantations and guaranteed absolutely pure and free from all adulterations or coloring matter. The packages are hermetically sealed and warranted full weight. It is more economical in use than the lower grades.

ORIENTAL & OCCIDENTAL TEA CO., LTD.,

Head Office, 35 Burlington St., New-York.

E. N. PARKER, Rondout, A. A. & C. R. STYLES, Kingston, A. P. VAN BUREN, Rondout, P. E. T. BOW, Kingston.

WACHMEYER

Is now Prepared to Offer in all his Departments

Large Assortments of the Most Desirable

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Special attention is directed to his collections of

Quartered Oak, Antique Oak and Cherry Bed Room

Suits, Leather Rockers, Polished Mahogany Centre

Tables, Work Baskets, Brass and Plush Stands,

Music Cabinets

25 Per Cent Lower

Than Any Other House in the City. Our

Big Reduction in Prices

Will prevail through this month only. Don't invest a dollar until you have seen our elegant array of

HOLIDAY GIFTS

—AT—

WACHMEYER'S

Furniture Warehouse,

178 The Strand, Rondout, N. Y.

NOTES ON NEWS OF THE DAY.

KEEP in mind the concert of the Kingston City Philharmonic Society's festival at the Academy of music next week. Full details are set forth in the advertisement. Begin the holidays with song and gladness, and they will be pleasant till the close.

Mrs. SNELL of Chicago, whose husband was murdered in his house some months since, has raised the reward for the arrest of Tascott, the supposed murderer, to \$50,000, to be good for four months. At the present rate of raising the reward the fugitive may in a few months conclude to arrest himself.

The Philadelphia Press says photographs of that city have a large stock of the Cleveland photographs on hand, which they offer at the rate of five for a cent with few takers. When the President was married cheap reproductions of himself and his wife sold readily for five cent each. But who cares for Grover now?

The report again comes from Washington that the Democrats want Congressmen-elect Stivers' seat for Bacon. They say that "Dave" Hill is a Democrat and "a man of iron nerve and determination." Mr. Hill should sit down upon this at once. He cannot afford to bear a worse character at Washington than his partisans have given him at home.

GEN. HARRISON's chosen hunting ground is along the Washburn river near the Illinois boundary, where rabbits and quail are abundant. He took with him only 100 rounds of ammunition, hence the impression that he has started to "fire out" the 500 thieves, burglars and other criminals whom Cleveland has put in office is not correct. A whole battery will be got ready for them about the 5th of March.

CONGRESSMAN VANDEVER introduced a bill yesterday to divide California into two states. His plan is to make the Southern boundaries of San Mateo, Santa Clara, Stanislaus and Mariposa counties the dividing line. His argument is that the varieties of climate and resources of the state and the great length of the coast line have rendered it difficult to adapt legislation to both parts of the state. California has an area of 158,360 square miles, or a little more than New England, New York and Pennsylvania.

It is the concurrent opinion of the Republican Congressmen in Washington that an extra session of the next Congress will be called in April or May. Some very important questions can be settled then much better than in the winter. There is the organization of the House, for instance, which is not to be left to the chance of death. Then the territories are anxious to get in. And the party wishes to fulfill its pledges of tariff revision in the interest of American industry, which is slow in recovering from the injuries inflicted by the free trade agitation in three successive Congresses.

ANOTHER scheme of eviction, similar to that practiced in Iowa, has been inaugurated in Minnesota. About 2,000 Polish emigrants are settled on the flats above St. Paul, and notice has been served upon them to leave. Some of them have resided on the lands for twenty years, and believe that it belongs to them. But the land has recently increased in value, and the real owners propose to sell it for building lots. Executions have been issued against a number of the squatters, and resistance is expected. Some of the owners offer the land at nominal rents, but the occupants decline to pay it.

EXPERIMENTS with electricity as a means of executing criminals were made yesterday in New York by Harold P. Brown, electrical engineer, upon a calf weighing 1244 pounds, another weighing 145, and finally upon a horse weighing 1,230. Death was instantaneous in each case. One of the calves was dissected and its flesh found to be uninjured for food. The experiments prove that less than half the pressure used in New York for electric lighting is sufficient to cause instant death. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals will probably insist upon the establishment of electrical apparatus in slaughter houses.

SUPERVISOR WOOLSEY's speech in the Board yesterday, which we publish elsewhere, is a lucid explanation of the equalization performance. He broadly accuses certain Supervisors of bad faith towards himself and dishonesty to the county. The whole case proves that Mr. Woolsey acted with absolute fairness in constructing the equalization committee, and without the usual understanding supposed to exist between the Chairman and the committees that his interests were to be taken care of. The answers of the accused Supervisors are also given. They probably afford the best possible explanation of their action. Nevertheless the fact remains that the burdens that belong to the towns have been laid upon the city.

MORRISANIA has a sensation closely bordering on a scandal. Rev. H. F. Auld, late rector of St. Mary's Episcopal church, resigned three weeks ago without an explanation. It transpires that nearly two years ago Mr. Auld foolishly signed a marriage contract with Mrs. Christie, a widow. On the 28th of November last the couple called upon Rev. Victor C. Smith, another rector, accompanied by several witnesses, and were married. Before the ceremony began Mr. Auld said to the witnesses that "this woman" had forced him to resign his pastorate, made him a beggar, and he felt obliged to marry her though he did not wish to and would never recognize her as his wife. When the officiating clergyman asked, "Will you take this woman to be your wedded wife?" he answered, "I will—but I will not live with her." As soon as the ceremony was over Mr. Auld rushed out, and the woman grew faint. Both went to their former homes and have not since seen each other. Mr. Auld is 85 years old and a graduate of St. Stephen's college at Annandale. A petition is being circulated among the church members to his reinstatement. Mrs. Auld is 30 and good looking. She has a determined look about her jaw, and evidently knows how to bring an unwilling lover to terms.

IN CONGRESS THIS DAY.

Business Transacted By the Senate and House.

THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

Evidence Bearing Upon the Murder of Lord Mountmorres.

CAPTURED A SLAVE TRADER.

Natives Along the Coast Said to Be on Rampage.

SERIOUS STRIKES IN FRANCE

Troops Sent From Paris to Toulon to Preserve Property and Prevent Bloodshed.

By Telegram to The Freeman.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—In the House today the Speaker stated that he had received a communication from Hon. Perry Belmont informing him that he had sent to the Governor of New-York his resignation as Member of Congress from the First Congressional District of New-York.

The Clerk was directed to drop Mr. Belmont's name from the roll of the House. The usual resolution for the distribution of the President's Message to the appropriate committees was reported from the Committee on Ways and Means by Mr. McMillin, and adopted by the House, the only debate upon it being a sarcastic query from Mr. Grosvenor as to what portion of the Message had been referred to the Committee on Civil Service Reform, and the reply from Mr. Spolton that that subject would be referred to the Committee on the order relative to the consideration of the direct tax bill was so modified as to make the measure a special order for today, Tuesday and Wednesday next, it being the desire of many members that an adjournment be taken over Saturday.

The House then, on motion of Mr. Caswell, of Wisconsin, went into committee on the direct tax bill. Mr. Caswell explained that the simple purpose of the bill was to refund to the states and individuals who paid the tax that portion of the direct tax which was collected. After a careful comparison he was able to state that the bill carried \$15,227,632. This did not include the 15 per cent. commission allowed the collectors, but the bill provided that the amount to be cancelled, now uncollected, was \$2,582,401. Mr. Oates, of Alabama, said that the first ground of his opposition to the measure was that there was no authority conferred upon Congress by the Constitution to pass the bill, nor to make the appropriation provided for. He contended, not for a strict construction of the Constitution, but for an observance of it. The only way that the Constitution could be preserved in its original integrity was for Congress to keep strictly and solely within its sphere of power. When the limitation was disregarded and the unbridled will of Congress substituted for it, the people no longer had any guarantee of the rights reserved to the states and people. The money collected under the act of 1861 had been legally collected and expended for the legal purpose of the common defense; and the bill was therefore a donation unjustified by the Constitution. His second objection was that it was unjust in its provisions. Money collected from the people should be paid to those who paid it, and at this late date it was impossible to restore it to those from whom it was taken. It was urged as a reason for reimbursing the states that some of the states had never paid the tax. It was pointed out that this bill in order to equalize taxation, then he insisted that Congress should go further and refund the cotton tax and correct other abuses more glaring than had ever arisen under the act of 1861.

IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—In the United States Senate today, a communication from the Secretary of State, with a certified copy of the final ascertainment of Presidential electors in Kansas, was presented. The presiding officer asked the opinion of the Senate (this being an entirely new proceeding) as to the disposition to be made of the document, whether they should be entered on the journal or placed in the archives of the Senate. He added that similar certificates from the states of Maryland, North Carolina and Georgia had been also transmitted by the Secretary of State.

After some suggestions, the act of February, 1887, was read, and was found to require the Secretary of State to transmit such certificates to the Houses of Congress. The letters of transmittal and the copies of the certificates were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. Mr. Sherman moved to refer the papers to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and called attention to the novelty of the proceeding. He expressed the opinion that the proceeding was an infringement of the Constitution, and that the act of 1887 was unconstitutional. The Constitution plainly required each State to provide, under its own laws, for the election of Presidential electors, and that their action be certified to the President of the Senate. He doubted whether Congress had authority to require States to send certificates to the Secretary of State; but that was a question for consideration.

Mr. Edmunds said it was a very simple matter, and that Congress had, in the law of 1887, simply enlarged the sphere of activity, and certainly in regard to the transmittal of these certificates. It was a precaution against the loss of papers, or other contingencies. Mr. Hoar suggested that it was also intended to have the matter put on record promptly, so that there should be no tampering with it under the stress of political competition.

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS TO-DAY.

Names and Numbers of Important Cases.

By Telegram to The Freeman.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 6.—In the Court of Appeals to-day the following cases were argued: No. 85, Hugh Reilly, executor, respondent, vs. City of Albany, appellant. Argued by D. Cady Herlick for appellant; Andrew Hamilton for respondent. No. 88, John B. Hopkins, Jr., appellant, vs. Frank J. Lott, administrator, respondent. Submitted. No. 90, Francis A. Farr, administrator, respondent, vs. Village of Greenbush, appellant. Argued by R. E. Andrews for appellant; E. Countryman for respondent. Unfinished.

Day calendar for Friday, December 7: Nos. 608, 1,008, 1,287, 91, 93, 95, 99, 101.

Strikes Among French Workmen.

By Cable to The Freeman.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—Riotous strikes have occurred among workmen at Reims; Department of the St. Yvigne. Troops have been sent there.

Tidings from Zanzibar.

By Cable to The Freeman.

IN THE PARNELL COMMISSION TO-DAY

Evidence Given Bearing Upon the Murder of Lord Mountmorres.

By Cable to The Freeman.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Upon the reassembling of the Parnell Commission to-day Patrick Malloy was committed to prison until further orders. Justice Haumen intimated that the Commission proposed to take Malloy's evidence to-morrow. A laborer named Burke testified that at most of the meetings of the Clan na Gael branch of the League it was decided that Lord Mountmorres should be done away with. A proposal to do away with Lynch was rejected. On the day of the murder member of the League named Sweeney, asked witness to assist in killing Lord Mountmorres. Witness refused. On the evening of that day another member of the League told witness he expected Lord Mountmorres would be put away that night. Witness afterward pointed Sweeney, Mulroe, Fallon and Murphy, all members of the League, that he might assist them in doing away with Lord Mountmorres, but he suddenly missed them. Later in the night he saw Mulroe, who had been wounded in the hand. Mulroe said he had done away with Lord Mountmorres. On cross-examination witness said he couldn't swear that there was a branch of the League at Clonabur before the murder. There was some kind of a branch, but he didn't know a secret society, the same which the witness had joined 14 or 15 years ago. He could not remember the name of the society.

The Chinese Exclusion Act.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Assistant Secretary Maynard in a letter to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco, says that while Chinese exclusion act the Department must decline to issue instructions with regard to the admission or identification of Chinese merchants on their arrival in the United States. He says also, in regard to the Department's previous instructions relating to certificates which may for "convenience" be issued to Chinese persons other than laborers that the Collector has full authority to disregard them, especially so in view of his intimation that such certificates are fraudulently used by Chinese laborers.

Mr. Mills' Condition.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—R. Q. Mills, Chairman of the House Committee on Ways and Means, will probably be compelled to leave his desk for a few days and seek recreation at a Virginia or North Carolina resort. He left for Washington apparently considerably improved in health, and said he felt better, but the great strain of the tariff debate supplemented by his campaign work has rendered him peculiarly susceptible to the bad atmosphere of the Capitol and to-day he says he feels far from well. He will leave the City probably in a few days.

Did He Commit Suicide?

By Telegram to The Freeman.

OSWEGO, Dec. 6.—It is known almost to a certainty that J. L. Packer, a Rector of Christ Episcopal Church, in this City, and one of the most prominent men in the diocese, who mysteriously disappeared on Friday last, committed suicide. He was seen on a sea wall, near the River, on the day of his disappearance, and a boat had been identified by his family as belonging to him, was picked up in the River the same day by boys. It is said he was being pressed hard by creditors.

What the Shah of Persia Says.

By Cable to The Freeman.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The Shah of Persia has expressed his willingness that a Russian Consul shall reside at Teheran, and that the Russian Consulate be extended to Meshed, provided that place is a Holy City. The Persian authorities declare that Russian Consuls in Persia generally cause strife.

A Dishonest Dry Goods Clerk.

By Telegram to The Freeman.

BUFFALO, Dec. 6.—Julius Acker, a dry goods clerk, formerly of Albany, was arrested here to-day on a charge of stealing silk goods. He had a female accomplice named Ida Hunsawer. He pleaded guilty and was held for the Grand Jury.

Schooner Ashore in a Snow Storm.

By Telegram to The Freeman.

OSWEGO, Dec. 6.—The schooner Anna M. Foster, bound from Oswego to Kingston Harbor this morning in a heavy snow storm, was wrecked and it is believed the vessel can be released.

Rumor About a Railroad.

By Telegram to The Freeman.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—A rumor is current on the Board of Trade that Jay Gould has secured a controlling interest in the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

The Official Vote of Maine.

By Telegram to The Freeman.

AUGUSTA, Me., Dec. 6.—Official vote of Maine: Republican, 73,734; Cleveland, 50,481; Fisk, 2,691; Streeter, 1,814; scattering, 16.

John Bright's Condition.

By Cable to The Freeman.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—John Bright is somewhat better.

THE STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

Financial Notes on Wall-Street To-Day.

By Telegram to The Freeman.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 6.—The stock market was still active this morning, with a somewhat better disposition of business, and the market was marked contrast to that of yesterday, everything on the list being at a premium. The market was active in the following: Union Pacific, 104; Northern Pacific, 104; Great Northern, 104; Burlington, 104; Chicago & North Western, 104; Illinois Central, 104; St. Paul & Northern Pacific, 104; Wisconsin Central, 104; Rock Island, 104; Missouri Pacific, 104; Santa Fe, 104; Union Pacific, 104; Northern Pacific, 104; Great Northern, 104; Burlington, 104; Chicago & North Western, 104; Illinois Central, 104; St. Paul & Northern Pacific, 104; Wisconsin Central, 104; Rock Island, 104; Missouri Pacific, 104; Santa Fe, 104; Union Pacific, 104; Northern Pacific, 104; Great Northern, 104; Burlington, 104; Chicago & North Western, 104; Illinois Central, 104; St. Paul & Northern Pacific, 104; Wisconsin Central, 104; Rock Island, 104; Missouri Pacific, 104; Santa Fe, 104; Union Pacific, 104; Northern Pacific, 104; Great Northern, 104; Burlington, 104; Chicago & North Western, 104; Illinois Central, 104; St. Paul & Northern Pacific, 104; Wisconsin Central, 104; Rock Island, 104; Missouri Pacific, 104; 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WHOLE NO 5241

Winter Open House

Kingston Opera House.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

TUESDAY EVENING,

DECEMBER 11

O'NEIL,

MONTE CRISTO.

With Brilliant Cast!

Elaborate New Scenery!

Realistic Stage Pictures!

Painted Expressly for this Play.

Grand Effects, Correct Appointments and Appropriate Costumes. The Entire Production Perfect in Every Detail.

Seats on Sale at Winter's. Horse Cars at Close.

"IN THE SOUP!"

We are not "in the soup" this year.

Holiday Goods

Are beginning to come in every day and our stock has never been so complete as now.

ROGER'S GROUPS.

Seven Subjects to Show:

Rip Van Winkle at Home.
Rip Van Winkle on the Moun-

Rip Van Winkle returning.
Elder's Daughter.
Neighboring Pew.
Politics.
Shakespeare.

Ladies' Desks.
Some very new designs in quar-
tered Oak.

EASELS

Mahogany, Oak, Cherry.

TABLES.

Here's where we are at home.
We carry the stock. A pretty
table half furnishes the room.

Fancy Chairs

Oh me! Oh my! Such chairs
Plush, Wicker, Polished Seats, Brass,
Gold, Upholstered. Two hundred
and seventy-five different styles.
Come and count them if you don't
believe it.

A thousand kinds of new goods.

Hudson River Furniture Company.

Ladies' Jerseys,
Ladies' Cloth Jackets,
Ladies' Newmarkets,
Ladies' Plush Jackets,
Ladies' Plush Coats,
Misses' Cloaks,
Children's Cloaks,
Babies' Cloaks.

} Large
variety
from low
prices to
fine
qualities.

Geo. B. Merritt & Co.

One door north of St. John's Church

Printed as Second-class matter, at the Post Office, at
RONDOUT, N. Y.

Kingston Daily Freeman.

KINGSTON, N. Y., DECEMBER 6, 1888.

Weather Indications.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Indications for Friday: Rain, falling by fair, cooler weather.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

A comparison of the total vote cast at the last Presidential election with that of 1884 affords a very interesting view of the growth of the nation. The following is the total vote of all parties by states in the two elections, with the gain of each:

STATES.	1884.	1888.	GAIN.
Alabama	155,000	152,500	2,500
Arkansas	125,000	125,000	0
California	235,000	190,000	45,000
Colorado	14,000	14,000	0
Connecticut	153,788	137,315	16,473
Delaware	25,787	25,000	787
Florida	128,251	130,000	1,749
Georgia	128,251	130,000	1,749
Illinois	742,438	762,000	19,562
Indiana	386,000	378,571	7,429
Iowa	282,730	282,730	0
Kansas	214,211	214,211	0
Kentucky	115,375	115,375	0
Louisiana	128,251	130,000	1,749
Maine	128,251	130,000	1,749
Maryland	210,000	210,000	0
Massachusetts	341,000	341,000	0
Michigan	251,000	251,000	0
Minnesota	115,375	115,375	0
Mississippi	115,375	115,375	0
Missouri	329,000	329,000	0
Nebraska	115,375	115,375	0
Nevada	128,251	130,000	1,749
New Hampshire	128,251	130,000	1,749
New Jersey	393,711	393,711	0
New York	1,107,100	1,107,100	0
North Carolina	230,000	230,000	0
Ohio	840,000	840,000	0
Oregon	128,251	130,000	1,749
Pennsylvania	967,414	967,414	0
Rhode Island	40,000	40,000	0
South Carolina	128,251	130,000	1,749
Tennessee	214,211	214,211	0
Texas	214,211	214,211	0
Vermont	128,251	130,000	1,749
Virginia	341,000	341,000	0
West Virginia	128,251	130,000	1,749
Wisconsin	329,000	329,000	0
Totals	10,988,454	10,988,454	0

Decrease.

Dividing the states into sections, we find that the twenty-two states of the North cast 7,497,519 and the sixteen states of the South 3,476,935 votes. The gain of the North in the four years is 368,494 and of the South 432,550 votes. The North has 248 members of the electoral college and 214 Representatives in Congress; the South has 153 Electors and 121 Representatives. The ratio of votes in the North to an Elector is 30,308 votes and to a Representative 36,713 votes. In the South the ratio to an Elector is 22,072 votes, and to a Representative 27,909. The large increase of the vote in Missouri, Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina and the Virginias is due to a liberalizing of the suffrage rather than to an increase of population, but even this has not enabled it to overtake the North. The gain in Texas is so small as to be a disappointment. It amounts to less than 10 per cent, while Kansas gains 24 per cent, New York and Massachusetts 13 per cent, and even Connecticut gains 13 per cent.

The total vote of the country in 1880 when the last census was taken, was 9,219,947. The gain is 18 per cent. The population of the states that year was 49,371,340. A corresponding gain of 18 per cent in population gives a total of 58,258,181. Adding 2,000,000 for the territories and the District of Columbia, we have already a population of over sixty millions, with two more years to elapse before the taking of the next census.

THE EQUALIZATION MIDDLE.

The city of Kingston is to be made a convenience to a majority of the Assessors, who have combined to dump upon it a portion of the taxes that should be collected from the towns represented by them. How this is to be done appears from the following tables of valuations for 1887 and 1888:

TOWNS.	1887.	1888.
Denning	\$25,012	\$25,012
Esopus	75,012	75,012
Gardiner	75,012	75,012
Hardenburgh	75,012	75,012
Ulster	75,012	75,012
Kingston	47,500	47,500
Marbletown	84,000	84,000
Lloyd	84,000	84,000
Shawangunk	1,485,000	1,485,000
Wawarsing	1,485,000	1,485,000
Woodstock	1,485,000	1,485,000
Total	\$3,890,397	\$3,890,397

Kingston city's total valuation is increased only \$316,350, while the entire total is increased only \$398,130. A sum nearly equal to the whole increase is therefore practically laid upon the city. This, however, would not lighten the burdens of the towns whose Supervisors are engaged in the combination, hence there is a shifting of burdens from town to town. Marbletown is another victim. Its valuation is increased \$67,381. Esopus's added burden is \$18,481, Gardiner's \$14,645, and Plattekill's \$7,870.

The towns most largely relieved are Marbletown (\$34,995), Rochester (\$45,658), and Rosendale (\$42,725). These towns can hardly claim to have grown \$124,000 poorer in a single year, neither can Saugerties, New Paltz and Lloyd set up the claim that they have stood still, while the towns surrounding them, Esopus, Marbletown, Plattekill and even Hardenburgh have increased in value.

The city is at the mercy of the rural majority. It has only six Supervisors. These stood by their constituency yesterday, and were elected by the members from Hardenburgh, Plattekill and Marbletown. But the fifteen Supervisors from Denning, Shawangunk, Woodstock, Wawarsing, Marbletown, Rochester, Gardiner, Lloyd, Ulster, New Paltz, Kingston town, Olive, Hurley, Saugerties and Rosendale were against them, and they were overborne. The six Supervisors of Kingston represent each a valuation of \$1,441,804, while the fifteen Supervisors who abetted the scheme with their votes represent an average of \$961,900. As long as for justice.

THE DIRECT TAX BILL.

It is conceded by the Democrats that the direct tax bill will pass the House, probably next Tuesday afternoon. Some Democrats oppose it, and they claim to know that the President will veto it. This bill proposes to return the direct tax levied in 1861 for the support of the war to the states that paid it, and to cancel the claims against the states that did not pay. There is not a state which did not pay something, and all of the territories organized at that time also contributed except Utah, and hence each will get some cash. Thus Alabama paid \$118,253, and though she still owes \$511,038, the former sum will be paid to her. South Carolina paid full share, and will get \$307,991. Virginia still owes \$213,501, but instead of being asked to pay it she will receive \$515,570. New York paid her full tax

and will receive \$213,571. These facts explain why the Representatives of the Southern states are willing to pass it. Their state treasuries are sure of being benefited, while the whole levy will make a hole of less than \$30,000,000 in the surplus.

It does not seem creditable that Mr. Cleveland will veto the bill. Nothing except an implacable hatred of every measure that relates to the war would prompt him to do it. He certainly can not hope for any further political advantage from nursing the surplus, since he is "out of politics."

SPECIAL BUSINESS NOTICES.

I have found a gift for my fair. It is not a ring of gold, nor a chain of pearls for her white neck, but a salivation for her sore throat. She's a singing bird.

RHEUMATISM.

Is undoubtedly caused by lactic acid in the blood. This acid attacks the fibrous tissue, and causes the pain and aches in the back, shoulders, knees, ankles, hips and wrists. Thousands of people have found in Hoo's Sarsaparilla a positive cure for rheumatism. This medicine, by its purifying action, neutralizes the acidity of the blood, and also builds up and strengthens the whole body.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Hoo's Sarsaparilla. Price 50 cents. Sold by Frederick J. Clark.

The fountain of perpetual youth was one of the dreams of antiquity. It has been well realized in Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood, gives vitality to all the bodily functions, and thus restores to age much of the vigor and freshness of youth.

"T'WAS EVER THUS."

The Boston Courier is responsible for the following: "Now in the parlor meet the pair. When the golden day is done, Two forms with but one evening chair, Two hearts that beat as one."

In Cheshireburg, Mass., lives Robert P. Smith, Esq. "I had liver disease," says Robert P. Smith, Esq. "I had liver disease," says Robert P. Smith, Esq. "I had liver disease," says Robert P. Smith, Esq.

You feel free from pain and stronger after putting on a Hop Haster. Soothes, stimulates.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives thousands of Balm yearly. This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for Coughs and all Throat and Lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to keep in your home or room for immediate future use. True! True! Free at all druggists. Large size 50c, and 10c.

WHY WILL YOU CURE when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10c, 50c, and \$1. Sold by Frederick J. Clark.

POSITIVELY ONLY FACES

Can be made clear and attractive. Those horrid pimples and blotches can be removed by an application of Hop Ointment. Never fails. Take no other. 25c each, at druggists, or mail stamps to the Hop Co., New-London, Conn.

"Woman! be fair, we must adore thee! Smile, and a world is weak before thee! But how can a woman smile when she is suffering untold misery from complaints from which we men are exempt? The answer is easy. Dr. Pierce's 'Female Weakness,' a powerful remedy in all the various troubles of the stomach, nervous prostration, and similar maladies. As a powerful tonic, it builds up the strength of the whole system, and to the woman and its appendages in particular. As a soothing and strengthening agent, it soothes nervous exhaustion, irritability, exhaustion, nervous symptoms, and in most cases, it induces refreshing sleep and a future use. True! True! Free at all druggists. Large size 50c, and 10c.

THE REV. GEO. H. TRAYLOR, of Bourton, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S COUGMATION CURE." Sold by Frederick J. Clark.

PLEAS: ITCHING PILES.

Symptoms: Moisture, intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. It follows the rectum, becoming very sore. Swelling, inflammation, the itching and bleeding, heat, ulceration, and in most cases, the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50c. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

I have had catarrh for 20 years, and used all kinds of remedies without relief. Mr. Smith, druggist, of Little Falls, recommended Dr. Swayne's Catarrh Balm. The effect of the first application was magical. It allayed the inflammation and the next morning my head was as clear as a bell. One bottle has done me so much good that I am convinced its use will effect a permanent cure. I am sending you a bottle to apply, and I strongly urge its use by all sufferers. George F. Eddy, Little Falls, N. Y.

Apply Balm into each nostril.

THE ONLY

Brilliant, Durable, Economical

DYES

Are DIAMOND DYES. They excel all others in Strength, Purity and Fastness. None others are as good. Beware of imitations. Send for color and cheap and inferior materials and give poor, crummy colors.

36 Colors, 10 Cts. Each

Send postal for Dye Book, Sample Card, directions for coloring Photos, making the finest ink or bluing (in a quart, etc.). Sold by Druggists or by

WELLS, RICHMOND & Co., Burlington, Vt.

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DIAMOND PAINTS

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Cures

NEURALGIA, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY DISEASES, AND ALL LIVER DISORDERS.

Proofs:

"Paine's Celestial Compound cured my nervous sick headaches." Mrs. L. A. BRENTNER, San Jose, Cal.

"After using six bottles of Paine's Celestial Compound, I am cured of rheumatism. SAMUEL HENNING, South Convent, N. Y.

"It has done me more good for kidney disease than any other medicine." Geo. Abbott, Sioux City, Iowa.

"Paine's Celestial Compound has been of great benefit for torpid liver, indigestion and biliousness." ELIZABETH, Uxbridge, Que., N. Y.

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Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

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Reliable and Justly Celebrated

Family Medicines,

POLET PREPARATIONS, AND PERFUMES which we legally guarantee to give satisfaction to our customers or we return their money.

VAN DEUSEN BROS.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

Kingston and Rondout,

Ulster County, N. Y.

The Independent

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Religious and Literary Weekly in the World.

"One of the ablest weeklies in existence."—Pall Mall Gazette, London, England.
"The most influential religious organ in the States."—The Spectator, London, England.
"Clearly stands in the fore-front of a weekly religious magazine."—Sunday School Times, Philadelphia, Pa.
Prominent features of The Independent during the coming year will be

Religious and Theological Articles

By Bishop Huntington, Bishop Coxe, Bishop Doane, Bishop Hurst, Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler, Dr. Howard Osmond, Dr. Howard Crosby, Dr. A. J. Gordon, Dr. George F. Pentecost and others.

Social and Political Articles

By Prof. W. G. Sumner, Prof. Herbert B. Adams, Prof. Richard T. Ely, Prof. R. G. Thompson, Prof. Arthur T. Hadley and others.

Literary Articles

By Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Maurice Thompson, Charles Dudley Warner, James Payson, H. W. Longfellow, Edmund Gosse, R. H. Stoddard, Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer, Louise Imogen Guiney, H. H. Boyesen, Isabel F. Hapgood, and others.

Poems and Stories

By E. C. Stedman, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Julia Ward Howe, Harriet Prentiss, Julia Schuyler, Louise Terry Cooke, Edith M. Thomas, Anne Louise Joaquin Miller, Lucy Larcom, John Boyle O'Reilly and others.

There are 21 distinct departments, edited by 31 specialists, which include: Biblical Research, Sacred Literature, Bible, Science, Poetry, Personalities, Ministerial Register, School and College Literature, News of the Week, Finance, Commerce, Insurance, Stories, Puzzles, Selections and Artistic. Thirty-two pages in all.

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Against Fire, Lightning and Wind Storms.

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Vessels, Boats, Barges and Cargoes

You Can Insure Your

Limbs,

Eyes,

and Life.

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—WITH—

John McCausland,

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Cornell Building,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

Telephone Call, 3

The Toy the Child Likes Best

—IS THE—

"ANCHOR"

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F. A. Richter & Co.,

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N. Y. Express. Endorsed by Medical Journals.

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for parties residing in any State. Advice blank

applications and circulars sent free. Divorce laws of

every State sent for stamp, L. E. W. GILBERT

Attorney, 320 South Clark-street, Chicago, Ill.

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vertising 100 good newspapers sent free, and

dressed 100 degrees of heat in the Press, N. Y.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY

the undersigned, Commencing on Monday, Decem-

ber 11, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., for heating with

steam and hot water the entire first and second

floors and the Grand Jury Room of the Court House

and the entire third floor of the jail. Radiators

will be required in the Court Chambers, two living

rooms, second floor, and the entire second floor

and Office of Clerk of the Supervisors, and two

small rooms on third floor of the jail, the other

rooms can be heated with coal or radiators as par-

ties may be desired. Good and sufficient security

will be demanded of the parties securing the contract

and the material used shall be first-class and that

workman shall be sufficient to show by the ther-

mo-meter 10 degrees of heat in the Court House

when it is 10 degrees below zero outside. Said

proposals will be received at the Office of the Clerk

of the Board of Supervisors, of Ulster County, until

noon of the 17th inst. The Committee reserves the

right to reject any or all bids.

D. W. WESTON,

THEODORE SPILL,

JAMES McILLIEN,

Committee.

Kingston, N. Y., Dec. 6, 1888.

Winter Overcoats! Winter Suits!

TOOTH, L.

The Tailor.

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The finest selection of

Printed as Second-class matter, at the Post Office, at
RONDOUT, N. Y.

Kingston Daily Freeman.

KINGSTON, N. Y., DECEMBER 6, 1888.

Weather Indications.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Indications for Friday: Rain, followed by fair, cooler weather.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

A comparison of the total vote cast at the last Presidential election with that of 1884 affords a very interesting view of the growth of the nation. The following is the total vote of all parties by states in the two elections, with the gain of each:

STATES.	1884.	1888.	GAIN.
Alabama	175,000	150,780	24,220
Arkansas	100,000	100,000	0
California	485,000	100,000	385,000
Colorado	15,000	15,000	0
Connecticut	153,788	153,788	0
Delaware	20,787	20,787	0
Florida	96,000	100,000	4,000
Georgia	182,800	182,800	0
Illinois	744,280	744,280	0
Indiana	380,000	380,000	0
Iowa	250,000	250,000	0
Kansas	227,710	227,710	0
Kentucky	214,770	214,770	0
Louisiana	115,200	115,200	0
Maine	128,251	128,251	0
Marland	100,000	100,000	0
Massachusetts	241,078	241,078	0
Michigan	425,100	425,100	0
Minnesota	231,023	231,023	0
Mississippi	115,807	115,807	0
Montana	100,000	100,000	0
Nebraska	202,000	202,000	0
Nevada	12,200	12,200	0
New Hampshire	92,000	92,000	0
New Jersey	393,711	393,711	0
New York	1,317,100	1,317,100	0
North Carolina	290,000	290,000	0
Ohio	900,000	900,000	0
Oregon	100,000	100,000	0
Pennsylvania	667,410	667,410	0
Rhode Island	40,771	40,771	0
South Carolina	100,000	100,000	0
Tennessee	214,770	214,770	0
Texas	500,000	500,000	0
Vermont	100,000	100,000	0
Virginia	300,000	300,000	0
West Virginia	100,000	100,000	0
Wisconsin	250,000	250,000	0
Totals	10,888,451	10,888,451	0

Dividing the states into sections, we find that the twenty-two states of the North cast 7,491,519 and the sixteen states of the South 3,396,932 votes. The gain of the South in the four years is 308,494 and of the North 432,350 votes. The North has 218 members of the electoral college and 304 Representatives in Congress; the South has 153 Electors and 121 Representatives. The ratio of votes in the North to an Elector is 30,208 votes and to a Representative 36,713 votes. In the South the ratio to an Elector is 22,072 votes, and to a Representative 27,909. The large increase of the vote in Missouri, Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina and the Virginias is due to a liberalizing of the suffrage rather than to an increase of population, but even this has not enabled it to overtake the North. The gain in Texas is so small as to be a disappointment. It amounts to less than 10 per cent, while Kansas gains 24 per cent, New York and Massachusetts 13 per cent, and even Connecticut gains 12 per cent.

The total vote of the country in 1880, when the last census was taken, was 9,219,947. The gain is 18 per cent. The population of the states that year was 49,371,340. A corresponding gain of 18 per cent in population gives a total of 58,258,181. Adding 2,000,000 for the territories and the District of Columbia, we have a population of over sixty millions, with two more years to elapse before the taking of the next census.

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TOWNS.	1887.	1888.
Denning	\$50,012	\$50,012
Esopus	77,541	77,541
Gardiner	66,277	66,277
Hardenbergh	501,441	501,441
Hurley	47,300	47,300
Kingston	8,411,625	8,411,625
Kingston City	1,448,000	1,448,000
Lloyd	1,000,000	1,000,000
Marlborough	1,448,000	1,448,000
New Paltz	1,000,000	1,000,000
Oliver	501,441	501,441
Plattekill	1,000,000	1,000,000
Rosendale	1,000,000	1,000,000
Saugerties	1,000,000	1,000,000
Shawangunk	1,000,000	1,000,000
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Wawarsing	1,000,000	1,000,000
Woodstock	1,000,000	1,000,000

Kingston city's total valuation is increased \$10,435, while the entire total is increased only \$938,130. A sum nearly equal to the whole increase is therefore practically laid upon the city. This, however, would not lighten the burdens of the towns whose Supervisors are engaged in the combination, hence there is a shifting of burdens from town to town. Marlborough is another victim. Its valuation is increased \$65,381. Esopus's added burden is \$18,481, Gardiner's \$14,645, and Plattekill's \$7,879.

The towns most largely relieved are Marlborough (\$34,955), Rochester (\$45,638), and Rosendale (\$42,726). These towns can hardly claim to have grown \$124,000 poorer in a single year, neither can Saugerties, New Paltz and Lloyd set up the claim that they have stood still, while the towns surrounding them, Esopus, Marlborough, Plattekill and even Hardenbergh have increased in value.

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and will receive \$2,213,831. These facts explain why the Representatives of the Southern states are willing to pass it. Their state treasuries are sure of being benefited, while the whole levy will make a hole of less than \$30,000,000 in the surplus.

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I have found a gift for my fair. It is not a ring of gold, nor flowers for her hair, nor pearls for her white neck, but Salvation Oil for her sore throat, she's a singing bird.

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Is undoubtedly caused by lactic acid in the blood. This acid attacks the fibrous tissues, and causes the pains and aches in the back, shoulders, knees, ankles, hips and wrist. Thousands of people have found in Hood's Sarsaparilla a positive cure for rheumatism. This medicine, by its purifying action, neutralizes the acidity of the blood, and also builds up and strengthens the whole body.

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Two hearts that beat as one."
In Chatsworth, Va., lives Robert P. Smith, Esq. "I had liver disease over 30 years. Tutt's Pills cured me." Instead of "two hearts that beat as one," every day he has a new heart, and he has these pills to thank for it.

You feel free from pain and stronger after putting on a Hop Plaster. Soothe, stimulates.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

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PILES! PILES! ITCHING PILES.

Symptoms: Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. It follows the use of unwholesome food, which often leads to ulceration, becoming very sore. Swaine's Ointment stops the itching and burning, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. Send for it, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swaine & Son, Philadelphia.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourne, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILLOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." Sold by Frederick J. R. Clark.

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Brilliant, Durable, Economical
DYES
Are DIAMOND DYES. They excel all others in strength, purity and permanency. No other dyes are so good. They are of imitation, and are made of cheap and inferior materials and give poor, weak, croaky colors.

Send postal for Dye Book, Sample Card, directions for coloring fabrics, making the best ink or bluing (10 cts. a quart), etc. Sold by Druggists or by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

For Gilding or Bronzing Fancy Articles, USE
DIAMOND PAINTS
Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 Cents

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Cures
NEURALGIA,
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
RHEUMATISM,
KIDNEY DISEASES,
AND
ALL LIVER DISORDERS.

Profits:
"Paine's Celery Compound cured my nervous headache." Mrs. L. A. BRESTER, San Joaquin, Cal.

"After using six bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, I am free of rheumatism. Sufferer, HENRY, South Cornish, N. H."

"I have more good for kidney disease than any other compound. Geo. Abbott, Sioux City, Iowa."

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THE SUPREME COURT—THIRD JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Pursuant to § 223 of the Code of Civil Procedure, State of New York, the undersigned Justice of the Supreme Court, resident in the Third Judicial Department, do hereby appoint the times and places of holding Circuit Courts, and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and Special Terms, within said Third Judicial Department for 1888 and 1889, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, and do assign justices to hold said Courts as follows, as the same are contained in the annexed list of assignments for the Third Judicial District:

ALBANY.
Second Monday in January.....Mayham.
First Monday in March.....Parker.
First Monday in May.....Edwards.
First Monday in October.....Parker.
First Monday in December.....Parker.

COLUMBIA.
Third Monday in January.....Edwards.
Second Monday in April.....Parker.
Third Monday in October.....Parker.

GENESEE.
First Monday in January.....Edwards.
First Monday in May.....Mayham.
Second Monday in December.....Parker.

ROCHESTER.
Second Monday in January.....Mayham.
Third Monday in April.....Edwards.
Second Monday in October.....Parker.
Second Monday in December.....Mayham.

SCHENECTADY.
Second Monday in January.....Edwards.
Third Monday in April.....Mayham.
Second Monday in October.....Parker.
Second Monday in December.....Mayham.

SARATOGA.
Second Monday in January.....Parker.
Third Monday in April.....Edwards.
Second Monday in October.....Parker.
Second Monday in December.....Mayham.

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Last Tuesday of February.....Parker.
Last Tuesday of March.....Edwards.
Last Tuesday of April.....Parker.
Last Tuesday of May.....Edwards.
Last Tuesday of June.....Parker.
Last Tuesday of July.....Edwards.
Last Tuesday of August.....Mayham.
Last Tuesday of September.....Parker.
Last Tuesday of October.....Edwards.
Last Tuesday of November.....Parker.
Last Tuesday in December.....Mayham.

